

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
OF ANY PAPER
IN A CITY OF 8,000
AND A
COUNTY :: OF :: 40,000 :: POPULATION

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

VOL. XII.—NO. 19.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1890.

A Live, Newsy and Progressive
SEMI-WEEKLY AT ONLY \$2 PER YEAR.
Complete Job Office
IN CONNECTION.

\$2.00 A YEAR.

GRAND
SPRING :: OPENING!
SATURDAY, MARCH 15th.
HANDSOME SOUVENIR
GIVEN to EVERY VISITOR.
DON'T FAIL TO COME.
BASSETT & CO.

A Few Reflections From a Trip to the Great Metropolis.

New York, February 22, 1890. Some days since I left Hopkinsville with a full determination to follow my inclinations and you can readily see where I have been led. I stopped over a day in Louisville and found this growing city still alive to her progressive inclinations. The Commercial Club building, ten stories high, has been completed to the top, yet it will require several months to fit it up for occupancy. This building is a monument to the energy and ambition of Louisville's young business men who founded the Commercial Club, and who have done a wonderful work in the development of this beautiful and prosperous city.

After seeing and passing smiles with many of the railroad men and other acquaintances I took leave for Cincinnati, where I found everything in the movements of the wholesale and retail trade, which afford an enormous volume of business. Filling in the day fairly well and being just on time to catch the C. & O. pet, the F. F. V., for Newport News, I left much relieved with the prospect of such a palatial ride for 24 hours. These famous vestibuled trains, notwithstanding the dullness of the traveling season, go out full every day, which is proof of the preference the traveling public give them.

Passing on through the grand panorama of "scenery" my thoughts returned to the many pleasant excursions I had accompanied on their delightful trips, and how they enjoyed with wonderous delight the handwork of nature. My intention being to go via the Old Dominion steamer I found it necessary to go on to Norfolk from which point she would sail. Being a little late I missed the steamer, and of necessity was compelled to lose a day's time, so I cast about for the best mode of killing time. Learning that the new cruiser, Baltimore, was lying at the U. S. Navy Yard at Portsmouth, I made up my mind to look upon her and see how Uncle Sam was making preparation to knock 'em out. I found her lying beside the dock having her guns put on deck. She was built at Philadelphia and her guns and carriages made at Portsmouth. It has taken five weeks to put three carriages and one gun on board. She carries six guns and they are so constructed as to be instantly shifted to any range. It requires 100 tons of coal for fuel and 400 men to man her. With all of this powerful weight she only drew seven feet of water at bow and nine feet at center. Her machinery is so perfect and noiseless that on her trip down from Philadelphia, I am told, was scarcely perceptible she was moving. Her appearance is that of being top-heavy, but as a thorough inspection has been given I presume she would stand the storm.

Norfolk, though an old time place, can boast of a fine Y. M. C. A. building, which is supplied with an auditorium, social room, parlor, library, sitting room, game room and a model gymnasium. It is truly a luxury to the traveler to visit such a place and find a warm welcome and plenty of reading matter with which to kill time. The Y. M. C. A.'s do a wonderful amount of good.

The steamer Guyandotte being ready to sail I passed through the office and exchange a few words with Col. J. S. Culpepper, who so well perform the duty of general agent at Norfolk, and who is ever watchful of the passengers of the O. D., and then I go aboard just in time to catch the faint sound of the gong which summoned me to the last meal of the day. It is needless to mention the bill of fare, for so many people who will read this have fared sumptuously on this line and know of the excellency of the service. It all that can be desired. After supper she sets sail and we ply gently out of Hampton Roads, pass Old Point with her thousands of lights glimmering, then through the capes and we are fairly at sea. Fortunately the waters were not rough so nothing out of the usual routine happened, and no one on board grumbled. The Old Dominion is a favorite line for

Albany (N. Y.) Argus.

travel, but during the winter months passengers seem a little afraid of the waters. The steamer rounded into the dock about 7 p. m. and I at once started for the Continental Hotel, 20th and Broadway, where I am handsomely quartered. The Continental, while on Broadway and in the fashionable part, gives its patrons the benefit of reasonable rates and the restaurant attached boasts of superior service at modest prices, consequently it is always crowded. W. A. W.

LIGHT FOR THE BLIND.

A Luxury That Gives Great Satisfaction to the Inmates of Asylums.

You have probably often seen blind asylums brilliantly lighted at night, and you have probably just as often wondered why the blind required such a luxury. An inquisitive reporter recently ascertained that the blind are not deprived of their sight to such an extent as is generally supposed. Superintendents and managers of asylums are aware of this fact and know all the little foibles and petty tricks of their wards. The blind are most mischievous at the very time when one would think them to be the least troublesome—that is, in the evening. The superintendents in this city understand this and order all the gas jets in the institution to be lighted promptly at sunset. And when a woman is in the case, even tide and must wait or go on without her.

"All men are born free and equal," but unfortunately some men are born equal to two or three of their fellows.

"Pride goes before a fall," and the "winter of discontent" comes after.

"A poet is born not mad," and yet women persist in writing rhymes.

"God helps them that helps themselves," so that drummers at hotel tables are sure of the assistance of Heaven.

"Ho! that is down need fear no fall," because feathers fall so softly.

"The blind can not lead, the blind," and as justice and love both have blindered eyes, neither can guide the other.

Many men who profess to pass their lives in the pursuit of virtue are apt to take care to keep so far behind that there is no danger whatever of their overtaking them.

And speaking of proverbs, there is nothing easier than the manufacture of pseudo-proverbs, if one will only give his mind to it, as witness the following, which, if not very good, at least serve well enough for illustration:

"Never put a gift cigar in the mouth. A man may wear epaulets, and be only a drummer in the band.

It is the last step that costs.

A man is known by the dog he keeps.

One may learn at every horse-car station that a man may be a starter and never start.

There is no yesterday for popcorn. Providence always provides a short lamb for the wind to blow upon.

The barber takes even the king by the nose.—*Buffalo Courier*.

BALLOT REFORM.

How to Eradicate Some of the Iniquities of Political "Fine Work."

This is one of the reforms which must come, for without it our system of popular government can not be maintained. Every election, especially in our large cities, shows that until this record is secured all other reforms are impossible of accomplishment. The control of the election machinery, of the printing and distributing of the ballots must be taken from the politicians and put into the hands of the State. This is what we must take the power to control our elections away from the men who have no responsibility and no interest in government save extravagance and corruption and put it into the hands of officials who are sworn to do their duty. Of what use is it to try to get honest men nominated for offices when we leave in the hands of the political leaders the power to defeat them at the polls by distributing fraudulent or defective ballots, or by making "deals" and "dickers" which cheat the people of their will? We have talked for years about reforming the primaries and the nominating conventions, but not one particle of progress has been made.

Light and music are the blind person's chief delights. All the lost powers of vision are almost compensated for by the extraordinary sense of harmony and time. A peculiar musical talent and gifts are apportioned to the blind, and secure for them positions of note. Many piano tuners are blind. In Paris nearly all the head piano-tuners are blind persons. The same is true in Boston, where all of the pianos in the public schools are tuned by the blind.

Light and music are the blind person's chief delights. All the lost powers of vision are almost compensated for by the extraordinary sense of harmony and time. A peculiar musical talent and gifts are apportioned to the blind, and secure for them positions of note. Many piano tuners are blind. In Paris nearly all the head piano-tuners are blind persons. The same is true in Boston, where all of the pianos in the public schools are tuned by the blind.

Subscribe for the KENTUCKIAN and get all the news, \$2 a year in advance.

for State office, and any one hundred

PROVERBS—REVISED.

OLD LAWS Transformed to Suit the Wants of the Rising Generation.

"Hunger has no ears," hence wisdom must give first place to dinner.

"A rolling stone gathers no moss," but it "gets over" a great deal.

"Every man is the architect of his own fortunes," which saves all chance of hard feeling on account of competitive examinations.

"Faithful are the wounds of a friend," and there are none more punctiliously given.

The last that was not least is had by St. Louis men to have been made for a Chicago girl's boot.

"A miss is as good as a mile," but a miss is no good as a league.

"The pavement of Hades is laid the first of every January.

"Se semper tyrannus" may be freely rendered: "The sick always are tyrants."

"Love goes out at the window when poverty enters the door," but should poverty retire by the door, it is amazing with whateler love comes scrambling in at the window.

"Time and tide wait for no man," but when a woman is in the case, even tide and tide must wait or go on without her.

"All men are born free and equal," but unfortunately some men are born equal to two or three of their fellows.

"Pride goes before a fall," and the "winter of discontent" comes after.

"A poet is born not mad," and yet women persist in writing rhymes.

"God helps them that helps themselves," so that drummers at hotel tables are sure of the assistance of Heaven.

"Ho! that is down need fear no fall," because feathers fall so softly.

"The blind can not lead, the blind," and as justice and love both have blindered eyes, neither can guide the other.

Many men who profess to pass their lives in the pursuit of virtue are apt to take care to keep so far behind that there is no danger whatever of their overtaking them.

And speaking of proverbs, there is nothing easier than the manufacture of pseudo-proverbs, if one will only give his mind to it, as witness the following, which, if not very good, at least serve well enough for illustration:

"Never put a gift cigar in the mouth. A man may wear epaulets, and be only a drummer in the band.

It is the last step that costs.

A man is known by the dog he keeps.

One may learn at every horse-car station that a man may be a starter and never start.

There is no yesterday for popcorn. Providence always provides a short lamb for the wind to blow upon.

The barber takes even the king by the nose.—*Buffalo Courier*.

BALLOT REFORM.

How to Eradicate Some of the Iniquities of Political "Fine Work."

This is one of the reforms which must come, for without it our system of popular government can not be maintained. Every election, especially in our large cities, shows that until this record is secured all other reforms are impossible of accomplishment. The control of the election machinery, of the printing and distributing of the ballots must be taken from the politicians and put into the hands of the State. This is what we must take the power to control our elections away from the men who have no responsibility and no interest in government save extravagance and corruption and put it into the hands of officials who are sworn to do their duty. Of what use is it to try to get honest men nominated for offices when we leave in the hands of the political leaders the power to defeat them at the polls by distributing fraudulent or defective ballots, or by making "deals" and "dickers" which cheat the people of their will? We have talked for years about reforming the primaries and the nominating conventions, but not one particle of progress has been made.

Light and music are the blind person's chief delights. All the lost powers of vision are almost compensated for by the extraordinary sense of harmony and time. A peculiar musical talent and gifts are apportioned to the blind, and secure for them positions of note. Many piano tuners are blind. In Paris nearly all the head piano-tuners are blind persons. The same is true in Boston, where all of the pianos in the public schools are tuned by the blind.

Light and music are the blind person's chief delights. All the lost powers of vision are almost compensated for by the extraordinary sense of harmony and time. A peculiar musical talent and gifts are apportioned to the blind, and secure for them positions of note. Many piano tuners are blind. In Paris nearly all the head piano-tuners are blind persons. The same is true in Boston, where all of the pianos in the public schools are tuned by the blind.

Subscribe for the KENTUCKIAN and get all the news, \$2 a year in advance.

for State office, and any one hundred

voters, in case of a candidate for a lesser office, by uniting in a petition in behalf of a candidate of their choice, can have his name printed upon the official ballots and have those ballots distributed at the polls at the public expense. What more certain way of reforming the primaries could be devised than this? If there were such a law in New York City there would be an end to the astonishing spectacle which is there so often presented of a "boss" setting up a candidate of his own for office in spite of all protests, and frequently electing him in spite of all opposition. Under such a law both "bosses" and primaries would in a very short time lose their present dominance in our politics.

Few boys ever started in life under more unfavorable circumstances, and with less prospect of fame and fortune, than Meyer Anselm, the founder of the great banking-house of Rothschild, and the man of whom Wilhelm, Landgrave of Hesse, exclaimed in his enthusiasm. "Such honesty never has been known in this world!" Not only was Meyer Anselm poor, but he belonged to the then despised and persecuted race, the Jews. Living in this later day, when much of the hatred and prejudice felt against the Jews has given way to more just and liberal sentiments, we can hardly understand with what extreme contempt and loathing they were treated in young Anselm's day. As a specimen of it, however, we read that in Frankfort-on-the-Main, the city where he was born, the Jews were so detested by the other inhabitants that they were compelled to live in a certain quarter which was shut in by gates. During the day they might go about, but at night they must all retire to their own quarter, and there the gates were locked, so that they should not venture out again until morning. As by any chance a Jew was found outside the "Judengasse" after a certain hour he was put to death. Think what chance a poor little lad like this had of becoming one of the wealthiest and most distinguished personages of his age! Yet he did it, and that, too, by no other means than behaving with the utmost uprightness and honesty.

To add to other misfortunes, young Anselm found himself at the age of eleven an orphan. Now his prospect was darker than ever, for the Jews are nearly always kind to their children, and do all that they can to give them a start in the world. In some way or other, however, he secured some little education, and as a young man we find him employed in a banking-house in the town of Hanover. He was in no hurry to go into business for himself, as so many young men are, as it is not until he is in his thirtieth year that we find him back in Hanover, established as a broker and a money-lender, with a red shield (Rothschild) as a sign hung over his shop. Here he did an excellent business, establishing the reputation for honesty that led to his good fortune.

To add to other misfortunes, young Anselm found himself at the age of eleven an orphan. Now his prospect was darker than ever, for the Jews are nearly always kind to their children, and do all that they can to give them a start in the world. In some way or other, however, he secured some little education, and as a young man we find him employed in a banking-house in the town of Hanover. He was in no hurry to go into business for himself, as so many young men are, as it is not until he is in his thirtieth year that we find him back in Hanover, established as a broker and a money-lender, with a red shield (Rothschild) as a sign hung over his shop. Here he did an excellent business, establishing the reputation for honesty that led to his good fortune.

So enormous is the amount of business done and the influence exerted by the Rothschilds that it is currently said of them that on two or three occasions they have successfully exerted themselves to preserve the peace of Europe. Their house now has its establishments in London, Paris, Vienna and Frankfort, and its agencies in New York and other great cities in both hemispheres. Their name is a synonym for wealth as in earlier days it stood and still stands for fair dealing.

—Barber's Young People.

TRICKS IN ALL TRADES.

How a Philadelphia Hebrew Advertising His Clothing Store.

While coming up Market street the other day in the face of a sweeping rain, what was my astonishment upon passing a prominent clothing store to see a blue flag waving in front of the building, with "clear and fair weather" in it large white letters. I thought, however, that the proprietor could not afford to take it down and passed on. It was still raining when I approached the place next day. The same flag was fluttering merrily in the breeze in spite of the terrible falsehood it had written on its face. My curiosity was aroused and I decided to learn, if possible, what object the proprietor could have in allowing it to remain there. I entered the store and asked him the question plainly. At first he gave me evasive answers, but finally he became confidential and said: "That is one of the very best advertisements I ever had. When it rains I put out the 'clear' flag, and when it is clear vice versa." People passing along the street and noticing the apparent mistake come into the store and tell me about it. That is when my clerks get in their work, and there are few days when they do not sell from one to five more suits than otherwise would. You know the difficult thing is to get customers inside the door. Why, I wouldn't give those flags for a half dozen bargains, and they don't make it. That is when my clerks get in their work, and there are few days when they do not sell from one to five more suits than otherwise would.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Ackers' English Cough Remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct.

H. B. GARNER, Druggist.

He Tumbled.

You don't seem to tumble, my friend, to my joke.

Thus sadly and grimly a humor spoke,

From his pride in his wittily humored;

But the old dame came down with his heel.

On the ripe fruit and a part of the peel,

And then you may wager he tumbled.

—From *Lippincott's Magazine* for March

DO NOT SUFFER ANY LONGER.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages

of consumption broken in a week,

we hereby guarantee Dr. Ackers'

English Cough Remedy, and will

refund the money to all who buy,

take it as per directions, and has

not found our statement correct.

<

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

PUBLISHED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNINGS,
—BY—
CHAS. M. MEACHAM.
SUBSCRIPTION \$2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Local reading notices 20 cents per line. Special local 5 cents per line each insertion. Rates for advertising advertisements furnished on application.
Office 18 and 20 Ninth Street, over Post Office.
FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1890.

Nearly all the sugar cane in Texas is reported killed by the recent frosts.

Governor Buckner, for constitutional reasons, vetoed seven local bills Tuesday.

Nearly 1,000 men are idle in San Francisco on account of a strike of iron moulder.

Ex-President Cleveland has sold Oak View, his home near Washington City, realizing \$100,000 profit.

Ex-Congressman Charles L. Mitchell, of Connecticut, died in New York last Sunday, of the grippe.

Edward Cowles editor and proprietor of the Cleveland, O., *Leader*, and one of the most prominent newspaper men in that city, is dead.

The carpenters of Chicago have arranged for a general strike on April 7th. They want forty cents an hour, eight hours to be a day's work.

State Treasurer Noland, of Missouri, has been suspended, pending an examination of his accounts. He is reported to be short several hundred thousand.

Governor Buckner has unconditionally pardoned William Jenkins, the thirteen-year-old Laurel county boy, recently sent up for one year for the theft of a jar of candy.

Ex-Congressman Taubee, who was shot last week by Judge Kincaid, the Washington correspondent of the *Louisville Times*, is reported to be in a very critical condition.

The supreme Court of Mississippi has affirmed the sentence of the lower court, which gave the fighter two months in jail and fined him \$200 for getting whipped by Sullivan.

Abraham Lincoln, only son of Robt. T. Lincoln, died in London last Wednesday. He was 17 years old, and his death threatens the extinction of the male line of the Lincoln family.

Mrs. M. A. Brentlinger is a candidate for County Superintendent of Public Schools in Jefferson county. Todd county also has a lady candidate for a similar position in that county.

Reliable reports from the winter wheat crops of the different states indicate but little damage in Kentucky from the recent blizzard, while Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Michigan have suffered greatly, Illinois leading in point of damage.

The Pittsburgh *Times* has purchased a lot for \$165,000 and will erect thereon a \$500,000 office. It is to be ten stories high and the walls will be of granite. The *Times* is the youngest morning paper in Pittsburgh but is said to have the largest circulation.

United States officers have seized three large distilleries, with a large amount of machinery and whisky in No Man's Land, N. M. The distilleries run by moonshiners, have been doing an enormous business and preparations had been made to greatly enlarge their plants when the officers "scooped" them. The proprietors all escaped.

The law requiring teachers to obtain a certificate from the County Board of Examiners before being permitted by the trustees to teach in any district school house has been amended, and now reads: "No person shall be allowed to teach a private or other school in any district school house, unless he or she be of a good moral character, and have the consent of not less than two of the trustees of the district in which said school is to be taught."

A tariff reform letter from ex-Pres. Cleveland was read to the meeting of the Indiana State Tariff Reform League, which convened at Indianapolis last Tuesday night. Mr. Cleveland states in his letter that he believes the American people do not thoroughly understand the tariff question because they are too much engrossed by their daily avocations to give it the necessary investigation. He says that when they become educated on the subject with the aid of the object lessons being constantly placed before them, they need be no fear as to their conclusions.

Speaking of the Worlds Fair the Washington correspondent of the *New York World* says: "Another southerner whose great popularity was made use of by Chicago was ex-Congressman James A. McKenzie. If any one could what he did for Chicago let him look at the votes cast and speeches made by some illustrious and others not so illustrious democratic congressmen from Kentucky, Tennessee, and the Carolinas. The work of both Stevenson and McKenzie, gentlemen in private life, was entirely legitimate, and showed that the Chicago people knew whom to secure for effective service. It is said that they each received \$300 per week and expenses."

TOOK ONLY \$60,000.

Wm. H. Pope, Teller of a Louisville Bank,

Makes His Way to Canada With That Amount of the Bank's Money.

The non-appearance at his post of Wm. H. Pope, Teller of the Louisville National Bank, last Monday morning was accounted for at 10 o'clock when the President and other bank officials opened the vault and examined the cash. A hasty overhauling showed that the funds were between \$40,000 and \$60,000 short. The suspicion of the officers that something was wrong with their trusted Teller were at once confirmed and steps taken to find out where the unfaithful Pope had gone.

It was ascertained that Pope had not been at his place of business after leaving at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon, though he had been told by the Cashier to be on hand Monday morning a little earlier than usual. When he left Saturday there was nothing unusual in his manner. He had his overcoat on and his hands hung loose at his side. It is now believed that he had the money on his person at the time, as it was hardly possible for him to have gotten possession of it afterwards, though the Cashier is inclined to the opinion that he returned and got it Saturday after everybody had left. Be it as it may, there is no doubt now that the bank is \$60,000 short.

Detectives were at once set to work, photographs of the abounding Teller sent to all points, but the *Courier-Journal* reporters were the first to find what direction he had taken. Shortly after 7 o'clock Pope was seen to enter the Union Depot with a small black valise in his hand and secure a lower berth in a sleeper for Chicago. It was afterwards learned that Pope did not go to Chicago but went to Cincinnati, and is now believed to be safe in Canada.

It is evident that Pope had been making his plans to rob the bank for some time, as he had very lately discussed the extradition treaty with the local agent of the Fidelity & Casualty Trust Company of New York, which was on his bond for \$20,000, the full amount required of him.

Pope entered the service of the bank as clerk in 1881. His efficiency won for him promotion after promotion until he was made Teller two years ago. He was fully trusted, and would have been the last of the employes to whom suspicion would attach. He was 38 years old and was born eight miles from the city on the narrow-gauge railroad. He has led a fast life and spent considerable money on women and in winning his friends, as well as gambling a great deal, says the correspondent of the Nashville American. The *Courier-Journal* paints him differently—leading a sort of Dr. Jekyll-Mr. Hyde life.

It is believed that when he is located in Canada he will be arrested for carrying stolen money into the Dominion, and that most of it will be recovered, as he probably has nearly the full amount with him.

The business of the bank is no way effected, as it has a capital of \$400,000, which would have been entrusted at any time to the man who has proven so faithful.

The latest in regard to Pope is that, though the entire detective force of the United States and the Canadian and Mexican borders are on the alert, nothing has been ascertained of his whereabouts.

A strict examination of his books shows that they were perfectly straight. His ability for spending so much money is accounted for by the fact that he was one of the best paid Tellers in Louisville, and besides he had a good private income.

The \$60,000 that he carried away belonged to the reserve fund of the bank, and consisted entirely of bills of large denominations, which he had been accumulating for some time. Piles of gold and silver and bills of small denominations were left untouched.

He was not in debt and has no sympathy among his late friends. By his robbery he has darkened the declining years of his old parents and cast a shadow over the bed of a dying sister.

How's This.
We offer our Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENET & Co., props.

Toledo, O.
Mr. James Lambert, of New Brunswick, Illinois, says: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right today and would insist on every one who is afflicted with that terrible disease, to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once. For sale by Buckner Leavell.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mason started on a tour of inspection of the Southern Collection Districts last Tuesday. After "going the rounds" in the South he comes to Kentucky.

Special Notice To members of Farmers and Laborers Union.

Each Sub-Union will elect at their first regular meeting in March, 3 delegates and 3 alternates to attend "County Union" to be held in Hopkinsville April 25th and 26th 1890.

Brethren please see that you elect men that will attend. Each Sub Union will send per delegates, number of male members in good standing over 21 years of age also number under 21 years.

Fraternally,
M. D. Davie, Pres.
C. C. F. & L. U.

E. F. Coyner, Sec.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit Court convened Monday, Judge John R. Grace presiding. After instructing the grand jury as to its duties, etc., and swearing in the sheriff and his three deputies, court adjourned until Tuesday morning.

Following is a list of petit jurors drawn for the first two weeks of the court: W. D. Simpson, Frank Wittry, W. B. Lander, R. E. Cox, J. G. Yancy, J. R. Davie, J. C. Hite, J. Y. Gray, J. O. Daniel, R. H. Moore, Larkin Barnes, J. B. Boyd, William H. Reeder, E. R. Elliott, M. W. Davis, George Bradley, Ben Campbell, C. E. Barker, W. L. Seates, Edward Long, Hampton Bradshaw, L. Jones, col., and G. W. Shaw.

Tuesday morning the docket was called over and business commenced. The following cases have been disposed of:

Nine Commonwealth cases charging various offenses filed away with leave to reinstate.

Twenty-eight cases continued until next term, and bench warrants issued against all the defendants.

Com. vs. Ned. Woolsey, malicious shooting, his death having been suggested the prosecution is abated, having no jurisdiction beyond the grave.

Com. vs. Alex Woodson, appeal case, death of appellant suggested and appeal dismissed.

Com. vs. M. Brandon, indictment changed to read William Brandon and Bud Stoman, and case continued.

Com. vs. Pres. Yancey, giving liquor to minor, verdict of \$50 and costs against Yancey.

Pat McMannon, carrying a concealed deadly weapon. At the instance of the Commonwealth attorney this case was dismissed.

Com. vs. Walker Mason, grand larceny, continued, owing to the absence of defendant.

Com. vs. Dick Wilkerson, gaming, two cases, verdict of \$10 in each case. Wilkerson did not appear in his own behalf.

Com. vs. Luther Dandridge, col. assau, fined \$200 and ten days in the county jail. Dandridge was out on a \$50 and failing to appear for trial the bond was declared forfeited.

Com. vs. Henry Poindexter, injuring stock, continued owing to absence of witnesses.

Com. vs. Lang Bell, selling liquor to minor, two cases, trial by jury and verdict for defendant. There were two other cases against the same party charging similar offenses. In each of these cases a fine of \$50 and costs was assessed by the jury.

L. R. Salmon, carrying concealed deadly weapon, a pile of guilty evidence and fine of \$25 assessed, with ten days imprisonment in the county jail.

The case of the Commonwealth against W. B. Long, charged with assaulting H. Clay McCord, at Crofton, on election day about two years ago, was called Wednesday morning. The case was submitted to the court, which fined Long \$30 and cost. Last September McCord sued Long for \$10,000 on account of the kick received, recovering one cent and costs. The former case was decided by a jury.

Paid Handsons.

Mr. F. A. Fuller, Esq., Louisville, Ky.: I have been a member of the U. S. M. P. Association for a short time and must say that, for the expenditure, I obtained better results than any enterprise of the kind I have ever tried. I have been handsomely paid for the year's subscription in less than two months, and cheerfully recommend it to any one having bad debts to collect.

W. S. HARRIS,
Distiller and wholesale Whisky Merchant.

Circle Meeting at Crofton, March 22, 1890.

ORDER OF EXERCISE.

1. Report of churches.

2. Importance of a converted church membership. A. C. Dorris to open the discussion.

3. How can we make our sabbath more profitable? J. W. Boyd.

4. How can we become more interested in the study of the Bible? J. H. Hopson.

5. How can we cultivate a spirit of liberty? J. U. Spurlin.

6. What can we do for spiritual culture of our young people? J. W. Rust.

7. The Providence of God displayed on the origin of Baptist Foreign Missions. B. F. Eagar.

J. F. Dagg,
B. F. Eagar, Com.
T. C. Hanbury

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRAUX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDIN, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

E. H. VAN HOESEN, Cashier,
Toledo National Bank, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-

nally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system.

System Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

How's This.

We offer our Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENET & Co., props.

Toledo, O.

Mr. James Lambert, of New Brunswick, Illinois, says: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right today and would insist on every one who is afflicted with that terrible disease, to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once. For sale by Buckner Leavell.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue

Mason started on a tour of inspection of the Southern Collection Districts last Tuesday. After "going the rounds" in the South he comes to Kentucky.

Special Notice To members of Farmers and Laborers Union.

Each Sub-Union will elect at their first regular meeting in March, 3 delegates and 3 alternates to attend "County Union" to be held in Hopkinsville April 25th and 26th 1890.

Brethren please see that you elect men that will attend. Each Sub Union will send per delegates, number of male members in good standing over 21 years of age also number under 21 years.

Fraternally,
M. D. Davie, Pres.
C. C. F. & L. U.

E. F. Coyner, Sec.

TOBACCO NEWS.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.
Furnished by Glover & Barrett.
Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3,539 hds. with receipts for the same period of 2,088 hds. Sales on our market up to this date of the crop of 1889, 17,563 hds.

The market this week has not developed any change in its condition for dark tobacco, prices remaining very firm on all grades. The demand is very active for new dark tobacco 26 inches and over in length. February was an exceedingly busy month for the Louisville Tobacco market, the sales for the month aggregating 14,642 hds. The following quotations fairly represent our market for dark tobacco crop of 1888:

Trash 75c to \$1.25.
Com. to med. lugs \$1.50 to 2.50.

Dark rich lugs \$2.50 to 4.50.

Com. leaf \$3.50 to 4.50.

Med. to good leaf \$4.50 to 5.50.

Good leaf, extra quality \$5.50 to 7.00.

Wrapping styles \$7.50 to 12.00.

HOPEVILLE MARKET.

Saled by Hanbury & Shryer of 12 hds. as follows:

5 hds. leaf \$7.50, 6.60, 6.00, 5.50, 5.25.

4 hds. common leaf \$5.00, 4.50,

4 hds. 2.50,

3 hds. lugs \$3.00, 2.90, 2.00.

Market steady.

Saled by Nat Gaither & Co., of 15 hds. as follows:

5 hds. leaf \$7.50, 6.60, 6.00, 5.50, 5.25.

4 hds. common leaf \$5.00, 4.50,

4 hds. 2.50,

3 hds. lugs \$3.00, 2.90, 2.00.

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.
THEO. E. BARTLEY, Business Manager
FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1890.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Mr. Hugh McKee is studying law with Wood & Bell.

C. W. Metcalfe has returned from a business trip to Nashville.

Miss Mae Ware is visiting friends and relatives in Clarksville.

Mrs. L. Nash has returned from a visit to relatives in Louisville.

Mr. Jas. Breathitt is out again after a very severe attack of the grippe.

Mrs. R. L. Woolfork, of Cincinnati, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wheeler.

Mr. J. D. Forreith and wife, of Nashville, have moved to this city to live.

Miss Jennie Bell left Tuesday for Augusta, Ga., on a visit to relatives.

Mr. E. B. Bassett, who has been East for some time, will return home to-day.

Miss Lena Grissam has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Clarksville.

Sam Stegar, Jno. Garth and Henry Maynard, of Trenton, spent Wednesday in the city.

Mrs. Allie Neat, of Galena, Ind., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Col. Brown, on North Main street.

James Boyd, of Denison, Texas, after spending several days in the city, returned home last Tuesday.

Misses Blanche O'Brien and Mamie Green, of Clarksville, after a short visit to Mrs. Buckner's Leavell, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Smith and Miss Annie Smith left to-day for De Funis Springs, Fla., where they will remain some time on a visit to relatives.

Owing to the illness of Mr. Charles M. Latham Mr. Jas. Glass had to go East to purchase Mr. Latham's spring stock. Mr. Glass left last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. C. Buckner and son, of Hopkinsville, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Buckner, returned home yesterday.—Henderson *Gleaner*.

Our young friend, Herman Cox, late with the popular clothiers, J. H. Anderson & Co., left the first part of the week for Louisville where he will make his home in the future.

Miss Maud Kirkpatrick, of Indianapolis, Ind., has accepted a position in A. A. Metz' dry goods store as trimmer in the millinery department. Miss Kirkpatrick comes highly recommended and is a cultivated lady.

Mr. J. G. Carpenter, manager of agencies for the Farmers' and Mechanics' Building and Loan Association, whose home office is in Bowling Green, is in the city in the interest of the Association. Mr. C. is a gentleman of very pleasing address and much information, and has already made a good impression upon those with whom he has come in contact.

General Repair Shop.

Mr. John J. Metcalfe has opened up, at the corner of 8th and Liberty streets, a general machinery repairing establishment. He has a splendid engine with which to run his machinery, a set of skilled workmen, and is in every way prepared to repair mill machinery, engines, boilers, reapers, separators, and all kinds of farm and other machinery. He has three lathes, one planer, a drill press, bolt cutter, and all other machines and tools for turning out the very best class of work at short notice, and assuring the public that all orders for work will be promptly complied with.

He will give special attention to the manufacture of smoke stacks, steam pumps, slate and wire fencing, brass-work and piping. He solicits the patronage of all wanting anything in his line of work, and promises the best of work to all. Give him your patronage and you will find that he will please you.

CITY COURT NEWS.

Alex. Lovier, drunk, fined \$5 and costs.

Jas. Bradley, drunk, fined \$5 and costs. Sent to work house.

Tom Hopkins, drunk, fined \$5 and costs.

Jas. Hatchet, col. drunk, fined \$5 and costs.

Dan Hunt, col. disorderly, fined \$4 and costs.

Jno. Smith, drunk, fined \$5 and costs.

Bill White, col. bench warrant, locked up.

Jas. Jackson, col. assault and battery, acquitted.

Dick Walls, col. breach of peace, acquitted.

Mattie Harris, col. breach of peace, fined \$3.50.

Moss McKinney, col. breach of peace, fined \$3.50.

Lidy Edmunds, col. breach of peace, fined \$3.50.

Tom Harris, col. bench warrant, locked up.

Two additional cases of drunkenness, fined \$5 and costs each.

MATRIMONIAL.

Hughes-Armstrong.

Dr. E. Thurston Hughes and Miss Mattie Armstrong, daughter of Dr. R. Armstrong, all of Fairview, were united in marriage at the Methodist Church in that place at 10 o'clock a.m., Thursday, Rev. J. W. Lewis, of this city, tying the nuptial knot. The couple took the afternoon train for the South and will be absent several weeks. Dr. Hughes is an exceedingly popular young physician and his bride a rose in society, and their happy marriage is the culmination of a courtship strewn with flowers.

HERE AND THERE.

PAUL ELLIS MISSED.

He Disappeared Last Monday Morning.

Diligent Search Fails to Find Any Definite Traces of Him.

The family of Mr. Allen Ellis, who lives on Ninth street next to the Methodist church, were greatly alarmed last Monday morning on account of the absence from home of Paul, who it was soon learned, had mysteriously disappeared. After considerable inquiry the fact was plain that he had gone—no one knew where.

Soon his father and brothers commenced a diligent search, but could learn nothing definite as to what had become of him. The last time he was seen was by Judge W. P. Winfree. At that time he was going out South Virginia street. During Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday the surrounding country was scoured, but nothing could be learned of him.

Wednesday a young man answering to his description stepped into a store at Howell and asked the privilege of warming himself at the stove, when he was asked to sit down, but he declined, saying that he had only stepped in to stay long enough to warm himself.

The clerk afterwards went into the back room of the store for a few minutes, and when he returned to the front the youth was gone. It is not certain that the young man was Paul, though it is believed it was.

Afterwards a young man of his appearance was seen at Garrettsburg by Squire John White. Mr. White, believing that it was a young man of the neighborhood, called to him but received no answer. He only turned his head when Mr. White saw at once that it was not the person he took him for. Mr. White then asked him to excuse him for hailing him, when the young man remarked that it was "all right" and proceeded on his way.

The freezes of the past few days, followed by a 2 inch snow, has destroyed all hope for peaches, cherries and plums this year.

We learn that the ladies of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church contemplate giving an ice cream supper in the near future.

Among a litter of pigs belonging to Peter Adecock, of Beverly, one was born having two well developed noses. It lived only two days.

Notwithstanding the very unseasonable weather our merchants are doing a good business and their springs stock, are beginning to roll in.

The Kentucky ground hog is no "sap head." He predicted winter for us yet, and we have been in the midst of it for several days.

Walter Mathews played "Nature; or a Mother's Love" Wednesday night at the Opera House. The play was deserving of a better house.

Beach & Bowers' Minstrels, the monarchs of the world, will be here on next Tuesday night. We have seen their programme and lovers of minstrelsy will enjoy it hugely.

Snow fell pretty much all day Wednesday, and it looked very much like spring would linger in the lap of winter, after all. Sleighs were running for the first time this winter.

Fairview Mills, Ross A. Rogers, agent. Wareroom at Randle & Ely's, opposite Phoenix Hotel. Telephone, 4.

The Peerless Minstrels will probably give an entertainment at Princeton in the near future if a satisfactory arrangement with the manager of the Opera House at that place can be made as to date, etc.

We have already printed a number of horse and jack bills, and our facilities for doing this class of work are such as to warrant us in saying that we can and do please all in this line of work. Prices satisfactory.

Tuesday night the first monthly competitive drill by the Latham Light Guards took place at the armory. A large crowd was present to witness the contest, which was very spirited. Corporal Alfred Nelson won the prize.

The police have received their helmet wreaths and cords, and are now full fledged policemen in the strictest sense of the word. They have been doing good service recently, by the way, and the law-breakers consider them a regular terror.

On the 17th of this month Mr. A. A. Metz will have his first opening of millinery goods. The selection is a large one and embraces everything in that line, selected with particular care, and the ladies cannot fail to be delighted with it. Miss Maud Kirkpatrick, of Indianapolis, will be in charge of this department.

The spring opening of Bassett & Co. will eclipse any heretofore held.

New goods are arriving daily and the display will be magnificent.

The decorations will be on a grand scale,

and the public will be well repaid by a visit to their establishment on Saturday, the 15th of this month, the opening day. A handsome souvenir will be given to every visitor.

On the 17th of this month Mr. A. A. Metz will have his first opening of millinery goods. The selection is a large one and embraces everything in that line, selected with particular care, and the ladies cannot fail to be delighted with it. Miss Maud Kirkpatrick, of Indianapolis, will be in charge of this department.

The official count of the vote in the Hopkinsville primary election, held last Saturday was completed Wednesday evening. The following nominations were made for county offices:

A. H. Anderson, County Judge, 1,910.

County Attorney, John Feland, Jr., 1,555; majority over Harry Ferguson, 1,222.

County Clerk, J. P. Prouse, 1,905.

Sheriff, John Boyd, 1,920.

Assessor, J. W. Lillard, 840; ma-

jority over R. T. McDaniel, 255; ma-

jority over M. A. Littlefield, 283.

Jailer, J. W. Hanbury, 768; majori-

ty over J. B. Everett, 158; majori-

ty over G. A. Anderson, 430; majori-

ty over W. A. Walker, 667; majori-

ty over M. A. Littlefield, 283.

School Superintendent, F. H. Ren-

shaw, 1,154; majority over B. T. Un-

derwood, 438.

Surveyor, A. S. Rogers, 1,758; ma-

jority over G. H. Long, 1,728.

Coroner, Jonas Courtney, 1,080;

majority over John Gladdish, 760;

majority over Dr. A. Seagert, 1,039.

Chosen for Sacrifice.

The official count of the vote in the

Beverly, and it is now quite dangerous

to travel that road. The road for

three hundred yards has been filled

to a height of ten feet and the water

is three feet deep on the road bed and

covers many acres of ground around,

A very large newly made pond ob-

structs travel over the Hopkinsville and

Cadiz road near Gracey, also.

Rev. J. S. Phillips, who had been

tendered a call by the First Presby-

terian church, has accepted a previous

one, owing to the fact that he never

received notice of the call until three

weeks after it was voted by the con-

gregation, as two letters written to

him remained at the Hotel Richard-

son, Monmouth, Illinois, for nearly

two weeks after being delivered there.

This state of case is much regretted,

but cannot be remedied.

"A stitch in time saves nine," and if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla now it may save months of future possible sickness.

CREAM OF NEWS.

Lucky John Feland, Jr.

Good luck, like misfortune, hardly ever comes single handed. The Re-publican nominee for County Attorney, John Feland, Jr., was gladdened last Saturday by receiving notice from Washington that he had been appointed special census agent for Kentucky.

His duties under this appointment

will be to furnish the department with

the recorded indebtedness of the State.

He has the power of appointing quite

a number of assistants and will finish

his work in ninety days. He will

make his headquarters here, and will

do his work in the most efficient man-

ner. This appointment will in no

way interfere with his making the

canvass for the office of County At-

torney, for which position he received

the hearty endorsement of his party

last Saturday.

Captured a Mule Thief.

Milton Turner, col., alias Babb,

was arrested in the city late Monday

afternoon by Chief Ennis, on a charge

of mule stealing. The mule was

taken from the stable of a man living

near Springfield, Tenn., and sold to

Mr. Bowling, at Guthrie. Bowling

was sent for and identified Turner as

the man who sold him the mule and

the mule was fully identified by the

owner. Turner was taken to Spring-

field Tuesday to answer the serious

charge.

Will the

regular monthly meeting of the

Council be held last Tuesday.

